

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2025



BUSINESS
ADVISORS
AND CPAS

T A B L E O F C O N T E N T S

	Pages
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	4 - 13
 Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	19
 Notes to the Basic Financial Statements:	 20 - 46
 Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio	47
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of District Contributions	49
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund	50 - 51
 Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit	52
Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Project Expenditures	53
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	54
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	55
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets	56
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	57
 Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	 58 - 59



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Central Square Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Central Square Central School District, New York (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 47-51 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York
September 30, 2025

Mengel, Metzger, Barw & Co. LLP

Central Square Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Central Square Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. This section is a summary of the Central Square Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Central Square Central School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded the total net assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by \$114,736,803 (net position), a decrease in the deficit of \$3,162,453 from the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$97,935,869, or 94% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions, accounted for \$6,292,894 or 6% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,070,649 a decrease of \$8,599,533 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the Special Aid Fund, the School Lunch Fund, the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, are aggregated into a single column and reported as nonmajor funds.

The School District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

<u>Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>			
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		<u>Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Total Variance</u>
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
<u>ASSETS:</u>			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 41,366,592	\$ 36,867,043	\$ 4,499,549
Capital Assets	105,359,320	98,297,562	7,061,758
Total Assets	\$ 146,725,912	\$ 135,164,605	\$ 11,561,307
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 30,419,799	\$ 41,869,019	\$ (11,449,220)
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 193,639,499	\$ 209,458,865	\$ (15,819,366)
Other Liabilities	29,251,167	21,329,180	7,921,987
Total Liabilities	\$ 222,890,666	\$ 230,788,045	\$ (7,897,379)
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 68,991,848	\$ 64,144,835	\$ 4,847,013
<u>NET POSITION:</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 45,632,174	\$ 44,421,677	\$ 1,210,497
Restricted For,			
Debt Service Reserve	2,251,080	2,626,763	(375,683)
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	3,842,385	3,725,862	116,523
Other Purposes	4,619,426	4,504,157	115,269
Unrestricted	(171,081,868)	(173,177,715)	2,095,847
Total Net Position	\$ (114,736,803)	\$ (117,899,256)	\$ 3,162,453

Key Variances

- Deferred Outflows of Resources decreased \$11,449,220 as a result of changes in assumptions regarding amortization in both ERS and TRS pension plans and OPEB calculations.
- Long-Term Debt Obligations decreased \$15,819,366 primarily as a result of changes to the OPEB liability calculation.
- Other Liabilities increased \$7,921,987 primarily as a result of an addition to BAN payable. The bond anticipation note increased \$8,385,000 to finance Phase II of the 2022 Capital Project.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There were three restricted net position balances: Debt Service Reserve, Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$171,081,868.

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenue increased 3.5% to \$104,228,763. Approximately 58% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources, while 31% came from property taxes. The remaining 11% of the revenue came from operating grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

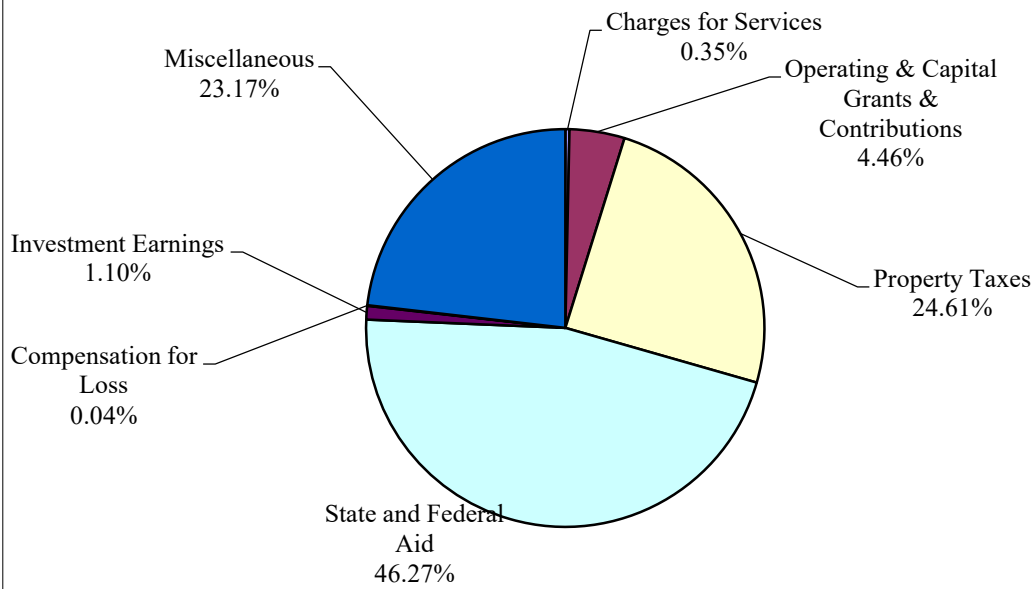
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 0.9% to \$101,066,310. The District's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students, or Instruction 73%. General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance, and administration of the District, accounted for 12% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>Variance</u>
<u>REVENUES:</u>			
<u>Program -</u>			
Charges for Service	\$ 459,551	\$ 439,123	\$ 20,428
Operating Grants & Contributions	5,463,771	8,773,787	(3,310,016)
Capital Grants & Contributions	369,572	0	369,572
Total Program	<u>\$ 6,292,894</u>	<u>\$ 9,212,910</u>	<u>\$ (2,920,016)</u>
<u>General -</u>			
Property Taxes	\$ 32,224,118	\$ 30,943,214	\$ 1,280,904
State and Federal Aid	60,563,284	57,295,587	3,267,697
Investment Earnings	1,441,090	1,616,718	(175,628)
Compensation for Loss	49,427	24,561	24,866
Miscellaneous	3,657,950	1,600,649	2,057,301
Total General	<u>\$ 97,935,869</u>	<u>\$ 91,480,729</u>	<u>\$ 6,455,140</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 104,228,763</u>	<u>\$ 100,693,639</u>	<u>\$ 3,535,124</u>
<u>EXPENSES:</u>			
General Support	\$ 12,603,063	\$ 13,773,935	\$ (1,170,872)
Instruction	73,319,882	72,251,408	1,068,474
Pupil Transportation	11,032,457	12,429,860	(1,397,403)
School Lunch	1,994,793	1,896,034	98,759
Interest	2,116,115	1,588,682	527,433
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$ 101,066,310</u>	<u>\$ 101,939,919</u>	<u>\$ (873,609)</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 3,162,453	\$ (1,246,280)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING			
OF YEAR	<u>(117,899,256)</u>	<u>(116,652,976)</u>	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ (114,736,803)</u>	<u>\$ (117,899,256)</u>	

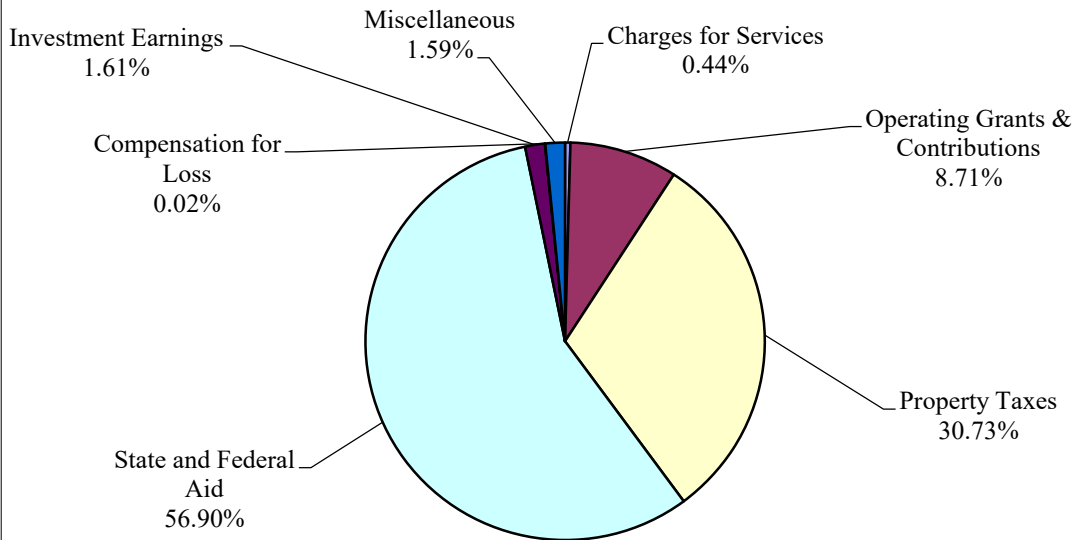
Key Variances

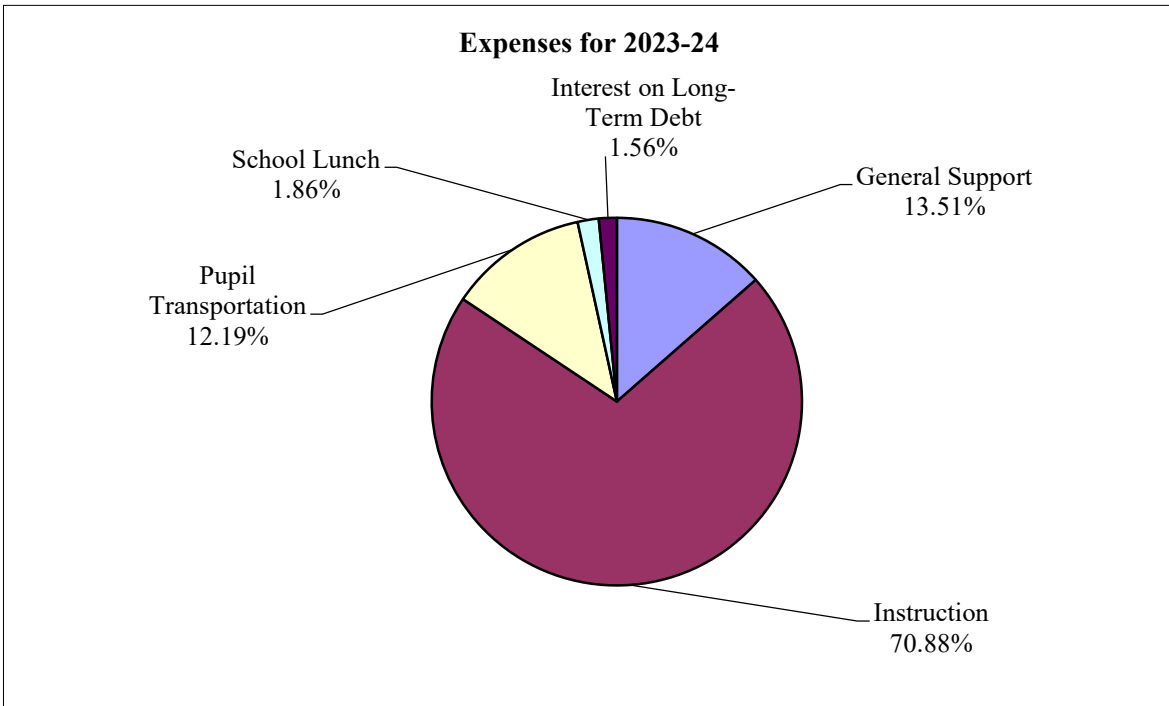
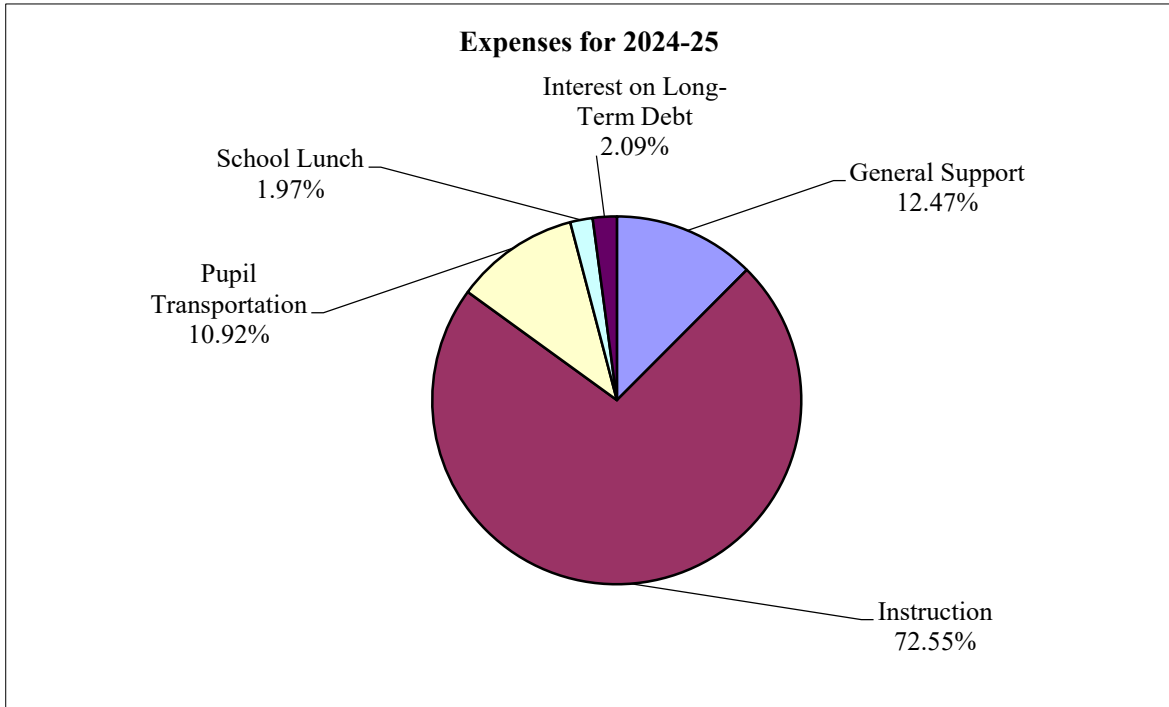
- Operating Grants & Contributions decreased \$3,310,016 resulting from the end of all the Stimulus funds. The CRRSA and ARP grants are over.
- State and Federal Aid increased \$3,267,697 as a result of changes in state aid. The large increase in building aid accounts for a large portion. The increased building aid is in line with the increase in debt payments, resulting from Phase I of the 2022 capital project.

Sources of Revenues for 2024-25



Sources of Revenues for 2023-24





Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,070,649 which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$15,670,182.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$19,355,114. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$695,963 compared with the prior year. See table below:

<u>General Fund Balances:</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>Total Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 967,960	\$ (967,960)
Restricted	8,235,943	7,986,181	249,762
Assigned	6,200,732	4,456,329	1,744,403
Unassigned	4,918,439	5,248,681	(330,242)
Total General Fund Balances	<u>\$ 19,355,114</u>	<u>\$ 18,659,151</u>	<u>\$ 695,963</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$1,456,329. This change is attributable to carryover encumbrances from the 2023-24 school year.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Instructional	\$1,466,524	Salaries were under budgeted, mainly due to extra positions not known at the time the original budget was done.
Employee Benefits	(\$1,906,011)	The District continues to earn benefits from prior year changes to the health insurance plan.
Debt service - interest	\$693,364	The variance is due to auditing entries to reclassify debt and related interest to BAN vs debt expense.

	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	
Revenue Items:		Explanation for Budget Variance
Use of money and property	\$602,283	Budgeting for interest has remained conservative. The District continues to budget low.
Miscellaneous	\$790,570	Liquidation of liabilities previously established for the run out of the District's self-insurance plan, as part of the budget for 2025-26
State Sources	\$1,395,726	A couple of the expense driven aids came in larger than originally budgeted for. These are not known until the following fall, when ST-3's are submitted.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2025 fiscal year, the District had invested \$104,916,992 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Capital Assets</u>		
Land	\$ 425,000	\$ 425,000
Work in Progress	19,601,312	9,642,748
Buildings and Improvements	75,807,883	78,551,153
Machinery and Equipment	9,082,797	9,221,904
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 104,916,992</u>	<u>\$ 97,840,805</u>
<u>Lease Assets</u>		
Equipment	\$ 442,328	\$ 456,757
Total Lease Assets	<u>\$ 442,328</u>	<u>\$ 456,757</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$190,643,283 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 38,840,317	\$ 41,453,540
Lease Liability	51,460	136,756
Unamortized Bond Premium	5,403,560	5,928,553
OPEB	136,880,302	149,158,657
Net Pension Liability	5,772,589	7,234,560
Retainage Payable	341,188	355,305
Service Awards	2,996,216	3,070,256
Compensated Absences	3,353,867	5,191,494
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 193,639,499</u>	<u>\$ 212,529,121</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District passed a \$25 million dollar Capital Improvement project in May 2022. This continued in Phase II over the current year. Completion is estimated to be December 2025. This is part of plan for continuing much needed upgrades to our building. The new zero emission school bus mandates are the next hurdle the Board of Education and District Administrators need to address. This will be a large endeavor for a district that is over 200 square miles and has 80+ buses. The District has utilized NYSEDA grants to hire an outside consultant to put together a Fleet Electrification Plan. As current technology exists, only 21 of our 73 buses would be able to be run with EV. The District will need to apply for the waiver that is being made available this year.

Long-term we expect to be affected by the arrival of Micron to the CNY area. The micro processing facility is expected to bring large economic improvements and changes to the area. This is located just south of our Onondaga County boarder. We need to plan for the possible increase in student enrollment as well as the needs that surround that.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Central Square Central School District
44 School Drive
Central Square, New York 13036

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,570,771
Accounts receivable	8,570,575
Inventories	50,767
Net pension asset	5,174,479
Capital Assets:	
Land	425,000
Work in progress	19,601,312
Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization)	85,333,008
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 146,725,912
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 30,419,799
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 973,616
Accrued liabilities	2,436,702
Unearned revenues	16,518
Due to other governments	93
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,869,233
Due to employees' retirement system	502,169
Bond anticipation notes payable	21,385,000
Other Liabilities	67,836
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	5,697,194
Due in more than one year	187,942,305
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 222,890,666
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 68,991,848
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 45,632,174
Restricted For:	
Debt service	2,251,080
Employee benefit accrued liability reserve	3,842,385
Other purposes	4,619,426
Unrestricted	(171,081,868)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (114,736,803)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense)</u>
		<u>Charges for</u>	<u>Operating</u>	<u>Capital</u>	<u>Revenue and</u>
		<u>Services</u>	<u>Grants and</u>	<u>Grants and</u>	<u>Changes in</u>
			<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Net Position</u>
					<u>Governmental</u>
					<u>Activities</u>
<u>Primary Government -</u>					
General support	\$ 12,603,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,603,063)
Instruction	73,319,882	237,616	3,488,910	369,572	(69,223,784)
Pupil transportation	11,032,457	-	-	-	(11,032,457)
School lunch	1,994,793	221,935	1,974,861	-	202,003
Interest	2,116,115	-	-	-	(2,116,115)
Total Primary Government	\$ 101,066,310	\$ 459,551	\$ 5,463,771	\$ 369,572	\$ (94,773,416)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes					\$ 32,224,118
State and federal aid					60,563,284
Investment earnings					1,441,090
Compensation for loss					49,427
Miscellaneous					3,657,950
Total General Revenues					\$ 97,935,869
Changes in Net Position					\$ 3,162,453
Net Position, Beginning of Year					(117,899,256)
Net Position, End of Year					\$ (114,736,803)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,128,000	\$ 6,908,596	\$ 2,534,175	\$ 27,570,771
Receivables	6,240,029	369,572	1,960,974	8,570,575
Inventories	-	-	50,767	50,767
Due from other funds	2,026,514	-	311,413	2,337,927
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 26,394,543	\$ 7,278,168	\$ 4,857,329	\$ 38,530,040
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities</u> -				
Accounts payable	\$ 311,626	\$ 659,077	\$ 2,913	\$ 973,616
Accrued liabilities	2,288,362	-	18,637	2,306,999
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes	-	21,385,000	-	21,385,000
Due to other funds	203	324,712	2,013,012	2,337,927
Due to other governments	-	-	93	93
Due to TRS	3,869,233	-	-	3,869,233
Due to ERS	502,169	-	-	502,169
Other liabilities	67,836	-	-	67,836
Unearned revenue	-	-	16,518	16,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 7,039,429	\$ 22,368,789	\$ 2,051,173	\$ 31,459,391
<u>Fund Balances</u> -				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,767	\$ 50,767
Restricted	8,235,943	-	2,476,948	10,712,891
Assigned	6,200,732	-	278,441	6,479,173
Unassigned	4,918,439	(15,090,621)	-	(10,172,182)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 19,355,114	\$ (15,090,621)	\$ 2,806,156	\$ 7,070,649
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 26,394,543	\$ 7,278,168	\$ 4,857,329	

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
Statement of Net Position are different because:**

Capital assets/right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	105,359,320
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the Statement of Net Position but not in the funds.	(129,703)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Serial bonds payable	(38,840,317)
Lease liability	(51,460)
Retainage payable	(341,188)
OPEB liability	(136,880,302)
Compensated absences	(3,353,867)
Service awards	(2,996,216)
Unamortized bond premium	(5,403,560)
Net pension asset	5,174,479
Deferred outflow - pension	15,167,710
Deferred outflow - OPEB	15,252,089
Net pension liability	(5,772,589)
Deferred inflow - pension	(7,015,952)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(61,975,896)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (114,736,803)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 32,224,118	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,224,118
Charges for services	237,616	-	-	237,616
Use of money and property	987,283	-	453,807	1,441,090
Sale of property and compensation for loss	49,427	-	-	49,427
Miscellaneous	3,390,570	-	27,591	3,418,161
State sources	60,308,982	369,572	1,333,289	62,011,843
Federal sources	254,302	-	4,129,651	4,383,953
Sales	-	-	221,935	221,935
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 97,452,298</u>	<u>\$ 369,572</u>	<u>\$ 6,166,273</u>	<u>\$ 103,988,143</u>
EXPENDITURES				
General support	\$ 10,205,086	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,205,086
Instruction	48,727,059	-	3,006,894	51,733,953
Pupil transportation	7,156,260	1,499,709	73,615	8,729,584
Employee benefits	24,213,825	-	837,672	25,051,497
Debt service - principal	500,296	-	4,118,540	4,618,836
Debt service - interest	693,364	-	1,950,360	2,643,724
Cost of sales	-	-	1,095,662	1,095,662
Other expenses	-	-	697,590	697,590
Capital outlay	-	9,972,681	-	9,972,681
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 91,495,890</u>	<u>\$ 11,472,390</u>	<u>\$ 11,780,333</u>	<u>\$ 114,748,613</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 5,956,408</u>	<u>\$ (11,102,818)</u>	<u>\$ (5,614,060)</u>	<u>\$ (10,760,470)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	\$ 1,080,069	\$ 100,000	\$ 6,246,122	\$ 7,426,191
Transfers - out	(6,340,514)	(20,677)	(1,065,000)	(7,426,191)
Proceeds from obligations	-	1,505,317	-	1,505,317
BAN's redeemed from appropriations	-	415,000	-	415,000
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	240,620	240,620
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>\$ (5,260,445)</u>	<u>\$ 1,999,640</u>	<u>\$ 5,421,742</u>	<u>\$ 2,160,937</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 695,963</u>	<u>\$ (9,103,178)</u>	<u>\$ (192,318)</u>	<u>\$ (8,599,533)</u>
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>18,659,151</u>	<u>(5,987,443)</u>	<u>2,998,474</u>	<u>15,670,182</u>
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 19,355,114</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (15,090,621)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,806,156</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,070,649</u></u>

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ (8,599,533)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 9,972,681	
Additions to Assets, Net	2,020,197	
Depreciation and Amortization	<u>(4,931,120)</u>	
		7,061,758

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 4,618,836	
Proceeds from Obligations	(1,505,317)	
Proceeds from BAN Redemption	(415,000)	
Unamortized Bond Premium	<u>524,993</u>	
		3,223,512

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	2,616
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The retainage liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	14,117
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The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	1,520,679
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(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System		693,835
Employees' Retirement System		404,058

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences	\$ (1,232,629)	
Service Awards	<u>74,040</u>	
		<u>(1,158,589)</u>

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 3,162,453

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 130,235
Receivable from general fund	500
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 130,735</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Governments	\$ 652
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 652</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 130,083
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u><u>\$ 130,083</u></u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Gifts and donations	\$ 7,412
Investment earnings	992
Library taxes	70,000
Student activity	197,909
TOTAL ADDITIONS	<u>\$ 276,313</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Student activity	\$ 203,728
Library taxes	70,000
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u>\$ 273,728</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 2,585
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>127,498</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 130,083</u></u>

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Central Square Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held for various student organizations in the Custodial Fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Oswego County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

(I.) (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$14,417,202 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$4,676,099.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

(I.) (Continued)

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. **Major Governmental Funds –**

General Fund - This is the District’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities and bus purchases

b. **Nonmajor Governmental Funds** - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

School Lunch Fund - Used to account for transactions of the District’s lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. **Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

Custodial Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

(I.) (Continued)

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 26, 2024. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 30, 2024.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VI for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

(I.) (Continued)

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of Net Position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A nonspendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

(I.) (Continued)

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of assets is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$ 50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Right To Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

(I.) (Continued)

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

The District, based on policy and/or various negotiated labor or employment contracts, recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that:

- (i) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees.
- (ii) has accumulated and is allowed to be carried over into subsequent years.
- (iii) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled (for example paid in cash to the employee or as a payment to an employee flex spending account) during or upon separation from employment.

Based on the criteria listed, only vacation leave, sick leave and sick leave banks meet the qualifications to be recognized as a liability for compensated absences. The total long-term estimated liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the District-wide financial statements. The short-term liability for compensated absences is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured because of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Consistent with GASB Statement 101, Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the more likely than not to be used as leave or settled at separation method with the compensated absences liability being calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

(I.) (Continued)

S. **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds' financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. **Equity Classifications**

1. **District-wide Statements**

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- b. **Restricted Net Position** - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,282,693
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,206,959
Retirement Contribution - ERS	1,815,744
Tax Certiorari	88,162
Scholarships	<u>225,868</u>
Total Net Position - Restricted for Other Purposes	<u>\$ 4,619,426</u>

- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$171,081,868 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

(I.) (Continued)

2. **Fund Statements**

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- a. **Nonspendable Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 50,767
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	<u>\$ 50,767</u>

- b. **Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

(I.) (Continued)

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Teachers' Retirement Reserve – General Municipal Law §6-r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Encumbrances – Encumbrances accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,282,693
Retirement Contribution - ERS	1,815,744
Retirement Contribution - TRS	1,206,959
Tax Certiorari	88,162
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	3,842,385
<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -</u>	
Scholarships	225,868
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	2,251,080
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 10,712,891</u>

c. **Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2025.

d. **Assigned Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

(I.) (Continued)

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$119,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$19,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

<u>General Fund -</u>	
Instructional	\$ 335,359
General Support	\$ 1,022,544
Pupil Transportation	\$ 248,730
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>	
Capital Outlay	\$ 271,954

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 1,607,772
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	4,592,960
School Lunch - Year End Equity	278,441
Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$ 6,479,173</u>

e. **Unassigned Fund Balance** –Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. **Order of Use of Fund Balance**

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. **New Accounting Standards**

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2025, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*.

(I.) (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*.

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

GASB has issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for compensated absences. There was no financial statement impact for the implementation of the Statement.

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The budget was amended by \$1,456,329 for carry over encumbrances at June 30, 2025.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

(III.) (Continued)

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Net Position

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2025 of \$114,736,803. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, “Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions”, which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$136,880,302 at June 30, 2025. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

D. Deficit Fund Balance – Capital Projects Fund

As indicated in the financial statements, the District’s Capital Projects Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$15,090,621 at June 30, 2025.

E. New York State Real Property Tax Law

The District’s unreserved undesignated fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District’s budget for the upcoming school year.

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the United States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District’s investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

(IV.) (Continued)

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging Financial Institution	19,310,798
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	8,089,242
Total	<u><u>\$ 27,400,040</u></u>

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$10,712,182 within the governmental funds and \$130,235 in the fiduciary funds.

V. **Receivables**

Receivables at June 30, 2025 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>Nonmajor Funds</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$ 751,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 751,191
Due From State and Federal	5,447,062	369,572	1,960,974	7,777,608
Taxes Receivable	41,776	-	-	41,776
Total Receivables	<u><u>\$ 6,240,029</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 369,572</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,960,974</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,570,575</u></u>

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VI. **Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures**

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	<u>Interfund</u>			
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
General Fund	\$ 2,026,514	\$ 203	\$ 1,080,069	\$ 6,340,514
Capital Projects Fund	-	324,712	100,000	20,677
Nonmajor Funds	311,413	2,013,012	6,246,122	1,065,000
Total	<u><u>\$ 2,337,927</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,337,927</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,426,191</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7,426,191</u></u>

Inter-fund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2025</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
<u>Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -</u>				
Land	\$ 425,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 425,000
Work in progress	9,642,748	9,958,564	-	19,601,312
<i>Total Nondepreciable</i>	<u>\$ 10,067,748</u>	<u>\$ 9,958,564</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,026,312</u>
<u>Capital Assets that are Depreciated -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 142,548,921	\$ 23,210	\$ -	\$ 142,572,131
Machinery and equipment	18,857,112	1,807,195	413,605	20,250,702
<i>Total Depreciated Assets</i>	<u>\$ 161,406,033</u>	<u>\$ 1,830,405</u>	<u>\$ 413,605</u>	<u>\$ 162,822,833</u>
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 63,997,768	\$ 2,766,480	\$ -	\$ 66,764,248
Machinery and equipment	9,635,208	1,944,355	411,658	11,167,905
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 73,632,976</u>	<u>\$ 4,710,835</u>	<u>\$ 411,658</u>	<u>\$ 77,932,153</u>
<i>Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 87,773,057</u>	<u>\$ (2,880,430)</u>	<u>\$ 1,947</u>	<u>\$ 84,890,680</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 97,840,805</u>	<u>\$ 7,078,134</u>	<u>\$ 1,947</u>	<u>\$ 104,916,992</u>

B. Lease Assets

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2025</u>
<u>Lease Assets:</u>				
Equipment	\$ 873,489	\$ 205,856	\$ 11,645	\$ 1,067,700
<i>Total Lease Assets</i>	<u>\$ 873,489</u>	<u>\$ 205,856</u>	<u>\$ 11,645</u>	<u>\$ 1,067,700</u>
<u>Less Accumulated Amortization -</u>				
Equipment	\$ 416,732	\$ 220,285	\$ 11,645	\$ 625,372
<i>Total Accumulated Amortization</i>	<u>\$ 416,732</u>	<u>\$ 220,285</u>	<u>\$ 11,645</u>	<u>\$ 625,372</u>
<i>Total Lease Assets, Net</i>	<u>\$ 456,757</u>	<u>\$ (14,429)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 442,328</u>

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets, net	\$ 84,890,680
Amortized Capital Assets, net	442,328
Total Other Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 85,333,008</u>

(VII.) (Continued)

D. Depreciation/Amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	<u>Amortization</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Government Support	\$ 43,859	\$ -	\$ 43,859
Instruction	3,797,925	220,285	4,018,210
Pupil Transportation	867,702	-	867,702
School Lunch	1,349	-	1,349
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense	<u>\$ 4,710,835</u>	<u>\$ 220,285</u>	<u>\$ 4,931,120</u>

VIII. **Short-Term Debt**

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2025</u>
BAN	10/4/2024	5.00%	\$ 13,000,000	\$ -	\$ 13,000,000	\$ -
BAN	10/3/2025	4.00%	-	\$ 21,385,000	-	21,385,000
Total Short-Term Debt			<u>\$ 13,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 21,385,000</u>	<u>\$ 13,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 21,385,000</u>

IX. **Long-Term Debt Obligations**

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Balance 7/1/2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2025</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
<u>Bonds and Notes Payable -</u>					
Serial Bonds Payable	\$ 41,453,540	\$ 1,505,317	\$ 4,118,540	\$ 38,840,317	\$ 4,315,317
Lease Liability	136,756	-	85,296	51,460	51,460
Unamortized Bond Premium	5,928,553	-	524,993	5,403,560	524,993
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	<u>\$ 47,518,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,505,317</u>	<u>\$ 4,728,829</u>	<u>\$ 44,295,337</u>	<u>\$ 4,891,770</u>
<u>Other Liabilities -</u>					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,234,560	\$ -	\$ 1,461,971	\$ 5,772,589	\$ -
OPEB Liability	149,158,657	-	12,278,355	136,880,302	-
Retainage Payable	355,305	-	14,117	341,188	341,188
Service Awards	3,070,256	-	74,040	2,996,216	-
Compensated Absences *	2,121,238	1,232,629	-	3,353,867	464,236
Total Other Liabilities	<u>\$ 161,940,016</u>	<u>\$ 1,232,629</u>	<u>\$ 13,828,483</u>	<u>\$ 149,344,162</u>	<u>\$ 805,424</u>
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 209,458,865</u>	<u>\$ 2,737,946</u>	<u>\$ 18,557,312</u>	<u>\$ 193,639,499</u>	<u>\$ 5,697,194</u>

* The change in compensated absences above is a net change for the year.

(IX.) (Continued)

<u>Description</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding 6/30/2025</u>
<u>Serial Bonds -</u>					
BOCES Project	\$ 3,745,000	2021	2028	3%-5%	\$ 1,545,000
Construction	\$ 12,845,000	2020	2034	5.00%	9,345,000
Construction	\$ 18,650,000	2021	2036	4%-5%	14,805,000
Buses	\$ 1,250,436	2021	2026	1.00%	260,000
Buses	\$ 1,133,059	2022	2027	1%-2%	470,000
Construction	\$ 10,500,000	2022	2036	5.00%	8,975,000
Buses	\$ 1,164,491	2023	2028	4.00%	725,000
Buses	\$ 1,483,540	2024	2029	4.00%	1,210,000
Buses	\$ 1,505,317	2025	2030	4.00%	1,505,317
Total Serial Bonds					<u>\$ 38,840,317</u>
<u>Leases -</u>					
Copiers	\$ 303,024	2023	2026	3.00%	\$ 51,460
Total Leases					<u>\$ 51,460</u>

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Serial Bonds</u>		<u>Leases</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2026	\$ 4,315,317	\$ 1,838,790	\$ 51,460	\$ 11,670
2027	4,230,000	1,625,600	-	-
2028	4,180,000	1,431,200	-	-
2029	3,550,000	1,235,400	-	-
2030	3,390,000	1,070,400	-	-
2031-25	16,475,000	2,874,950	-	-
2036	2,700,000	118,300	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 38,840,317</u>	<u>\$ 10,194,640</u>	<u>\$ 51,460</u>	<u>\$ 11,670</u>

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2025 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 1,993,724
Less: Amortized Bond Premium	(524,993)
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(132,319)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	129,703
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	<u>\$ 1,466,115</u>

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$1,720,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

X. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u>
Pension	\$ 15,167,710	\$ 7,015,952
OPEB	15,252,089	61,975,896
Total	<u>\$ 30,419,799</u>	<u>\$ 68,991,848</u>

XI. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

(XI.) (Continued)

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3.0% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2025:

<u>Contributions</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2025	\$ 1,730,357	\$ 3,869,233

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2025 for ERS and June 30, 2024 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (5,772,589)	\$ 5,174,479
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.033668%	0.173430%

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expenses of \$1,395,751 for ERS and \$2,743,428 for TRS. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

(XI.) (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,432,795	\$ 5,571,964	\$ 67,586	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	242,091	3,095,387	-	520,673
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	452,901	-	-	5,749,287
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	408,944	43,383	232,579	445,827
Subtotal	<u>\$ 2,536,731</u>	<u>\$ 8,710,734</u>	<u>\$ 300,165</u>	<u>\$ 6,715,787</u>
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	502,169	3,418,076	-	-
Grand Total	<u>\$ 3,038,900</u>	<u>\$ 12,128,810</u>	<u>\$ 300,165</u>	<u>\$ 6,715,787</u>

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2025	\$ -	\$ (2,778,781)
2026	1,083,649	6,234,105
2027	1,568,147	(1,126,814)
2028	(446,315)	(1,234,340)
2029	31,085	651,493
Thereafter	-	249,284
Total	<u>\$ 2,236,566</u>	<u>\$ 1,994,947</u>

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

(XI.) (Continued)

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2024	June 30, 2023
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.30%	4.40%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2022. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2022.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2025 for ERS and June 30, 2024 for TRS are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return		
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
<u>Asset Type -</u>		
Domestic equity	3.54%	6.60%
International equity	6.57%	7.40%
Global equity	n/a	6.90%
Private equity	7.25%	10.00%
Real estate	4.95%	6.30%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.25%	n/a
Real assets	5.55%	n/a
Global bonds	n/a	2.50%
Cash	0.25%	0.50%
Private debt	n/a	5.90%
Real estate debt	n/a	3.90%
High-yield bonds	n/a	4.80%
Domestic fixed income	n/a	2.60%
Fixed income	2.00%	n/a
Credit	5.40%	n/a

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.90% for ERS and 2.40% for TRS.

(XI.) (Continued)

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption :

	1% Decrease <u>(4.90%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(5.90%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(6.90%)</u>
<u>ERS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (16,706,599)	\$ (5,772,589)	\$ 3,357,317
	1% Decrease <u>(5.95%)</u>	Current Assumption <u>(6.95%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(7.95%)</u>
<u>TRS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (23,901,218)	\$ 5,174,479	\$ 29,627,921

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)	
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 247,600,239	\$ 142,837,827
Plan net position	230,454,512	145,821,435
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	<u>\$ (17,145,727)</u>	<u>\$ 2,983,608</u>
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	93.08%	102.10%

(XI.) (Continued)

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$502,169.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2025 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$3,869,233.

XII. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2025, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	401
Active Employees	642
Total	1043

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$136,880,302 was measured as of June 30, 2025, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

(XII.) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2025 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.60%
Salary Increases	Varies by pension retirement system membership
Discount Rate	4.81%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial rate of 6.75% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.04% by 2075
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on the 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher as of June 30, 2025.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected generationally using MP-2021.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 149,158,657</u>
<u>Changes for the Year -</u>	
Service cost	\$ 4,774,193
Interest	6,390,168
Differences between expected and actual experience	(22,563,711)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	3,460,513
Benefit payments	<u>(4,339,518)</u>
Net Changes	<u>\$ (12,278,355)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2025	<u><u>\$ 136,880,302</u></u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.21% in 2024 to 4.81% in 2025.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.81%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.81%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	<u>(3.81%)</u>	<u>(4.81%)</u>	<u>(5.81%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 161,195,886	\$ 136,880,302	\$ 117,544,735

(XII.) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease (5.75%) Decreasing to 3.04%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.75%) Decreasing to 4.04%)	1% Increase (7.75%) Decreasing to 5.04%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 114,480,902	\$ 136,880,302	\$ 165,931,525

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,818,839. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 859,649	\$ 24,378,375
Changes of assumptions	14,392,440	37,597,521
Total	\$ 15,252,089	\$ 61,975,896

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2026	\$ (7,540,913)
2027	(17,388,441)
2028	(11,247,138)
2029	(4,906,598)
2030	(2,911,687)
Thereafter	(2,729,030)
Total	\$ (46,723,807)

XIII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

(XIII.) (Continued)

B. Health Insurance

The District is a Participant in The Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York (Plan). The Plan was formed under Article 5-G of the New York State Municipal Law in 1985. The Plan is a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employees' health insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of the twenty-nine (29) municipal corporations located within the pool's geographic area. The Plan contracts with an insurance company to provide services for all of its members. The Plan negotiates and approves annual contracts from the insurance company for the Participants' health insurance needs. The District is billed directly and pays the monthly premiums to the Plan for this health insurance coverage.

The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Plan's liabilities. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$17,199,677. The Plan was fully funded as of the last audit.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District is a Participant of the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Workers' Compensation Consortium (the Plan). The Plan is sponsored by the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Counties Board of Cooperative Educational Services (OCM BOCES) and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to Participants at a significant cost savings and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers compensation. Membership in the Plan may be offered to only municipal corporations (city, town, village, fire district, school district or board of cooperative educational services - BOCES). Current membership of the Plan includes Participants from thirty (30) municipal corporations.

Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is subject to the following constraints:

1. Notice on intention to withdraw must be given in writing to the Fiscal Officer prior to January 1 of the fiscal year, effective the next June 30.
2. Once withdrawn from the plan, the Participant is responsible for actual expenses and recognition of any claims/expenses incurred at the time of withdrawal but not yet paid.
3. Participant is not entitled to any share of the Plan surplus.

The Plan is administered by OCM BOCES and utilizes a third-party administrator who is responsible for processing claims, estimating liabilities and providing actuarial services. The Plan participants are charged an annual assessment which is allocated in light of comparative experience and relative exposure based on the estimated total liability of the participating members actuarially computed each year.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$667,969.

(XIII.) (Continued)

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2024-25 fiscal year totaled \$24,430. In addition, as of June 30, 2025, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XIV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

There is no litigation pending against the District as of the balance sheet date.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XV. Tax Abatement

The County of Oswego IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$90,268. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$76,273 to help offset the property tax reduction.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY							
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$ 4,774,193	\$ 4,696,922	\$ 4,949,767	\$ 7,404,512	\$ 9,231,595	\$ 5,831,029	\$ 3,663,161	\$ 3,830,291
Interest	6,390,168	6,049,117	5,464,471	4,180,500	5,035,854	5,835,892	5,292,373	4,802,856
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	(7,981)	-	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences	(22,563,711)	736,257	(4,318,845)	544,541	(3,253,106)	702,671	(13,125,439)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3,460,513	(2,014,870)	(9,645,556)	(44,928,281)	(39,735,999)	49,552,452	34,778,956	(6,783,103)
Benefit payments	(4,339,518)	(4,117,501)	(4,058,584)	(3,805,593)	(3,746,879)	(3,683,101)	(2,853,610)	(3,008,180)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$ (12,278,355)	\$ 5,349,925	\$ (7,616,728)	\$ (36,604,321)	\$ (32,468,535)	\$ 58,238,943	\$ 27,755,441	\$ (1,158,136)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 149,158,657	\$ 143,808,732	\$ 151,425,460	\$ 188,029,781	\$ 220,498,316	\$ 162,259,373	\$ 134,503,932	\$ 135,662,068
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 136,880,302	\$ 149,158,657	\$ 143,808,732	\$ 151,425,460	\$ 188,029,781	\$ 220,498,316	\$ 162,259,373	\$ 134,503,932
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 37,509,232	\$ 45,466,090	\$ 40,958,388	\$ 39,355,740	\$ 33,669,452	\$ 37,444,478	\$ 31,284,029	\$ 33,735,288
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	364.92%	328.07%	351.11%	384.76%	558.46%	588.87%	518.67%	398.70%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSERS Pension Plan										
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.033668%	0.035860%	0.033314%	0.291823%	0.030338%	0.0297780%	0.0293775%	0.0304142%	0.030575%	0.030536%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 5,772,589	\$ 5,279,993	\$ 7,143,752	\$ (2,385,536)	\$ 30,209	\$ 7,885,377	\$ 2,081,488	\$ 981,600	\$ 2,872,914	\$ 4,901,046
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,802,431	\$ 11,439,201	\$ 9,963,513	\$ 9,214,866	\$ 9,692,690	\$ 8,991,633	\$ 8,867,675	\$ 8,811,588	\$ 8,358,104	\$ 8,360,405
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	48.910%	46.157%	71.699%	(25.888%)	0.312%	87.697%	23.473%	11.140%	34.373%	58.622%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.08%	93.88%	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%
NYSTRS Pension Plan										
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.173430%	0.170916%	0.170733%	0.162116%	0.164877%	0.162383%	0.160854%	0.163679%	0.162188%	0.167686%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (5,174,479)	\$ 1,954,567	\$ 3,276,187	\$ (28,093,142)	\$ 4,555,991	\$ (4,218,728)	\$ (2,908,664)	\$ (1,244,122)	\$ 1,737,103	\$ (17,417,225)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 32,306,163	\$ 34,012,034	\$ 32,494,376	\$ 30,956,380	\$ 27,941,492	\$ 28,428,120	\$ 27,104,407	\$ 26,201,306	\$ 25,937,709	\$ 25,425,587
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(16.017%)	5.747%	10.082%	(90.751%)	16.305%	(14.840%)	(10.731%)	(4.748%)	6.697%	(68.503%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.10%	99.20%	98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of District Contributions
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSERS Pension Plan										
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,730,357	\$ 1,444,273	\$ 1,129,667	\$ 1,460,769	\$ 1,388,012	\$ 1,289,913	\$ 1,311,697	\$ 1,313,298	\$ 1,260,715	\$ 1,233,171
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,730,357)	(1,444,273)	(1,129,667)	(1,460,769)	(1,388,012)	(1,289,913)	(1,311,697)	(1,313,298)	(1,260,715)	(1,233,171)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,802,431	\$ 11,439,201	\$ 9,963,513	\$ 9,214,866	\$ 9,692,690	\$ 8,991,633	\$ 8,867,675	\$ 8,811,588	\$ 8,358,104	\$ 8,360,405
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.66%	12.63%	11.34%	15.85%	14.32%	14.35%	14.79%	14.90%	15.08%	14.75%
NYSTRS Pension Plan										
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,869,233	\$ 3,608,860	\$ 3,565,664	\$ 3,235,717	\$ 2,812,761	\$ 2,662,490	\$ 3,034,500	\$ 2,715,749	\$ 3,165,231	\$ 3,318,751
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (3,869,233)</u>	<u>\$ (3,608,860)</u>	<u>(3,565,664)</u>	<u>(3,235,717)</u>	<u>(2,812,761)</u>	<u>(2,662,490)</u>	<u>(3,034,500)</u>	<u>(2,715,749)</u>	<u>(3,165,231)</u>	<u>(3,318,751)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 32,306,163	\$ 34,012,034	\$ 32,494,376	\$ 30,956,380	\$ 27,941,492	\$ 28,428,120	\$ 27,104,407	\$ 26,201,306	\$ 25,937,709	\$ 25,425,587
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.98%	10.61%	10.97%	10.45%	10.07%	9.37%	11.20%	10.36%	12.20%	13.05%

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Original</u>	<u>Amended</u>	<u>Current</u>	<u>Over (Under)</u>
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Year's</u>	<u>Revised</u>
			<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Budget</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources -				
Real property taxes	\$ 28,941,767	\$ 28,941,767	\$ 28,998,377	\$ 56,610
Real property tax items	3,133,060	3,133,060	3,225,741	92,681
Charges for services	175,000	175,000	237,616	62,616
Use of money and property	385,000	385,000	987,283	602,283
Sale of property and compensation for loss	625,000	-	49,427	49,427
Miscellaneous	1,975,000	2,600,000	3,390,570	790,570
State Sources -				
Basic formula	46,629,941	46,629,941	46,073,163	(556,778)
Lottery aid	7,107,203	7,107,203	8,958,874	1,851,671
BOCES	4,830,343	4,830,343	4,676,099	(154,244)
Textbooks	208,069	208,069	156,054	(52,015)
All Other Aid -				
Computer software	116,019	116,019	91,377	(24,642)
Library loan	21,681	21,681	21,581	(100)
Other aid	-	-	331,834	331,834
Federal Sources	350,000	350,000	254,302	(95,698)
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 94,498,083</u>	<u>\$ 94,498,083</u>	<u>\$ 97,452,298</u>	<u>\$ 2,954,215</u>
Other Sources -				
Transfer - in	<u>\$ 1,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,065,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,080,069</u>	<u>\$ 15,069</u>
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	<u>\$ 95,563,083</u>	<u>\$ 95,563,083</u>	<u>\$ 98,532,367</u>	<u>\$ 2,969,284</u>
Appropriated fund balance	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>		
Prior year encumbrances	<u>\$ 1,456,329</u>	<u>\$ 1,456,329</u>		
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	<u><u>\$ 100,019,412</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 100,019,412</u></u>		

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Original	Amended	Current		Unencumbered
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Year's</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>	<u>Balances</u>
			<u>Expenditures</u>		
EXPENDITURES					
General Support -					
Board of education	\$ 55,357	\$ 74,657	\$ 74,377	\$ 280	\$ -
Central administration	320,863	319,766	319,766	-	-
Finance	667,990	657,711	621,333	36,378	-
Staff	501,852	466,603	429,041	2,588	34,974
Central services	7,546,984	7,309,118	6,074,069	983,296	251,753
Special items	2,775,990	2,740,466	2,686,500	2	53,964
Instructional -					
Instruction, administration and improvement	3,099,108	3,110,916	3,035,299	75,617	-
Teaching - regular school	20,897,382	22,318,777	22,178,870	139,907	-
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	12,634,861	12,152,377	12,146,037	6,340	-
Occupational education	3,145,805	3,125,904	3,116,147	9,757	-
Teaching - special schools	-	380,098	380,098	-	-
Instructional media	2,644,276	2,915,660	2,831,437	84,223	-
Pupil services	5,174,462	5,058,686	5,039,171	19,515	-
Pupil Transportation	6,713,962	7,404,990	7,156,260	248,730	-
Employee Benefits	26,355,520	24,449,509	24,213,825	1,139	234,545
Debt service - principal	-	500,296	500,296	-	-
Debt service - interest	-	693,364	693,364	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 92,534,412</u>	<u>\$ 93,678,898</u>	<u>\$ 91,495,890</u>	<u>\$ 1,607,772</u>	<u>\$ 575,236</u>
Other Uses -					
Transfers - out	\$ 7,485,000	\$ 6,340,514	\$ 6,340,514	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	<u>\$ 100,019,412</u>	<u>\$ 100,019,412</u>	<u>\$ 97,836,404</u>	<u>\$ 1,607,772</u>	<u>\$ 575,236</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 695,963		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>18,659,151</u>	<u>18,659,151</u>	<u>18,659,151</u>		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 18,659,151</u>	<u>\$ 18,659,151</u>	<u>\$ 19,355,114</u>		

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget
And The Real Property Tax Limit
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 98,563,083
Prior year's encumbrances	<u>1,456,329</u>
Original Budget	<u>\$ 100,019,412</u>
FINAL BUDGET	<u>\$ 100,019,412</u>

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2025-26 voter approved expenditure budget	\$ 102,658,363
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>	
Assigned fund balance	\$ 6,200,732
Unassigned fund balance	<u>4,918,439</u>
Total Unrestricted fund balance	<u>\$ 11,119,171</u>
<u>Less adjustments:</u>	
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 4,592,960
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	<u>1,607,772</u>
Total adjustments	<u>\$ 6,200,732</u>
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of	
Real Property Tax Law	<u>4,918,439</u>
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE	<u>4.79%</u>

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
Schedule of Project Expenditures
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

Project Title			Expenditures			Unexpended Balance	Methods of Financing				Fund Balance
	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total		Obligations	Local Sources	State Sources	Total	
Smart Schools	\$ 4,076,734	\$ 4,076,734	\$ 2,968,041	\$ 369,572	\$ 3,337,613	\$ 739,121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,337,613	\$ 3,337,613	\$ -
Capital Improvement Project	25,000,000	25,000,000	9,201,731	9,503,890	18,705,621	6,294,379	-	3,615,000	-	3,615,000	(15,090,621)
2024-25 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
2023-24 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	85,712	14,288	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	100,000	-
2024-25 Bus Purchases	1,505,317	1,505,317	-	1,505,317	1,505,317	-	1,505,317	-	-	1,505,317	-
TOTAL	\$ 30,782,051	\$ 30,782,051	\$ 12,255,484	\$ 11,493,067	\$ 23,748,551	\$ 7,033,500	\$ 1,505,317	\$ 3,815,000	\$ 3,337,613	\$ 8,657,930	\$ (15,090,621)

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Fund				Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 191,095	\$ 175,775	\$ 225,868	\$ 1,941,437	\$ 2,534,175
Receivables	1,821,917	139,057	-	-	1,960,974
Inventories	-	50,767	-	-	50,767
Due from other funds	-	1,770	-	309,643	311,413
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,013,012	\$ 367,369	\$ 225,868	\$ 2,251,080	\$ 4,857,329
FUND BALANCES					
<u>Liabilities -</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 2,913	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,913
Accrued liabilities	-	18,637	-	-	18,637
Due to other funds	2,013,012	-	-	-	2,013,012
Due to other governments	-	93	-	-	93
Unearned revenue	-	16,518	-	-	16,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 2,013,012	\$ 38,161	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,051,173
<u>Fund Balances -</u>					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 50,767	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50,767
Restricted	-	-	225,868	2,251,080	2,476,948
Assigned	-	278,441	-	-	278,441
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ 329,208	\$ 225,868	\$ 2,251,080	\$ 2,806,156
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,013,012	\$ 367,369	\$ 225,868	\$ 2,251,080	\$ 4,857,329

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Fund				Total
	Formerly Major				Nonmajor
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 6,598	\$ 4,220	\$ 442,989	\$ 453,807
Miscellaneous	-	990	26,501	100	27,591
State sources	811,958	521,331	-	-	1,333,289
Federal sources	2,676,952	1,452,699	-	-	4,129,651
Sales	-	221,935	-	-	221,935
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,488,910	\$ 2,203,553	\$ 30,721	\$ 443,089	\$ 6,166,273
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	\$ 3,006,894	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,006,894
Pupil transportation	73,615	-	-	-	73,615
Employee benefits	580,015	257,657	-	-	837,672
Debt service - principal	-	-	-	4,118,540	4,118,540
Debt service - interest	-	-	-	1,950,360	1,950,360
Cost of sales	-	1,095,662	-	-	1,095,662
Other expenses	-	663,187	34,403	-	697,590
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,660,524	\$ 2,016,506	\$ 34,403	\$ 6,068,900	\$ 11,780,333
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (171,614)	\$ 187,047	\$ (3,682)	\$ (5,625,811)	\$ (5,614,060)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers - in	\$ 171,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,074,508	\$ 6,246,122
Transfers - out	-	-	-	(1,065,000)	(1,065,000)
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	-	240,620	240,620
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 171,614	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,250,128	\$ 5,421,742
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ 187,047	\$ (3,682)	\$ (375,683)	\$ (192,318)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	142,161	229,550	2,626,763	2,998,474
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 329,208	\$ 225,868	\$ 2,251,080	\$ 2,806,156

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

Capital assets/right to use assets, net		\$ 105,359,320
Deduct:		
Serial bond payable	\$ 38,840,317	
Lease liability	51,460	
Unamortized bond premium	5,403,560	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	15,090,621	
Retainage payable	<u>341,188</u>	
		<u>59,727,146</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets		<u><u>\$ 45,632,174</u></u>

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For The Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u> <u>Federal Award Cluster / Program</u>	<u>Assistance</u> <u>Listing</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Grantor</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Pass-Through</u> <u>Agency</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education:</u>				
<u>Indirect Programs:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Special Education Cluster IDEA -</u>				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-25-0713	\$ 1,023,815
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-25-0713	29,441
<i>Total Special Education Cluster IDEA</i>				\$ 1,053,256
<u>Education Stabilization Fund -</u>				
ARP - ESSER 3-COVID-19	84.425U	N/A	5880-21-2345	\$ 57,635
ARP - SLR Summer Enrichment-COVID-19	84.425U	N/A	5882-21-2345	51,187
ARP - SLR Comprehensive After School-COVID-19	84.425U	N/A	5883-21-2345	1,189
ARP - SLR Learning Loss-COVID-19	84.425U	N/A	5884-21-2345	83,587
<i>Total Education Stabilization Fund</i>				\$ 193,598
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-24-2345	103,096
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-25-2345	114,697
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-24-2345	4,732
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-25-2345	42,098
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-24-2345	37,348
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-25-2345	1,128,127
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$ 2,676,952
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster -</u>				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	460801060000	\$ 1,056,808
Supply Chain Assistance-COVID-19	10.555	N/A	460801060000	4,872
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	460801060000	79,145
DOD Fresh Program -FFAVORS	10.555	N/A	460801060000	34,325
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	460801060000	277,549
<i>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</i>				\$ 1,452,699
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$ 1,452,699
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 4,129,651



BUSINESS
ADVISORS
AND CPAS

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
*Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education
Central Square Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Square Central School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Baw & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York
September 30, 2025