

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

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MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Central Square Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Central Square Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Square Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 48–52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Central Square Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2019 on our consideration of the Central Square Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Central Square Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York
October 15, 2019

Raymond F. Wager, CPA, PC

Central Square Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Central Square Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This section is a summary of the Central Square Central School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Central Square Central School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded the total net assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) by \$82,982,666 (net position), a decrease of \$588,254 from the prior year.

General revenues, which include Federal and State Aid and Real Property Taxes, accounted for \$75,467,087, or 94% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions, accounted for \$4,745,056 or 6% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$169,536 a decrease of \$11,605,238 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds; the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the capital projects fund, which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the special aid fund, and the debt service fund, are aggregated into a single column and reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

<u>Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>			
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		<u>Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net assets statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was lower on June 30, 2019 than the year before, decreasing by to a deficit of \$82,982,666, as shown in the table below.

	Governmental Activities		Total Variance
<u>ASSETS:</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 35,192,890	\$ 45,628,439	\$ (10,435,549)
Capital Assets	61,650,544	50,900,261	10,750,283
Total Assets	\$ 96,843,434	\$ 96,528,700	\$ 314,734
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 47,546,503	\$ 19,441,678	\$ 28,104,825
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 181,332,637	\$ 154,059,418	\$ 27,273,219
Other Liabilities	30,837,603	31,583,228	(745,625)
Total Liabilities	\$ 212,170,240	\$ 185,642,646	\$ 26,527,594
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 15,202,363	\$ 12,722,144	\$ 2,480,219
<u>NET POSITION:</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 35,262,958	\$ 35,046,205	\$ 216,753
<u>Restricted For:</u>			
Debt Service Reserve	1,825,211	1,585,272	239,939
Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve	2,089,128	2,057,369	31,759
Other Purposes	1,999,273	1,240,610	758,663
Unrestricted	(124,159,236)	(122,323,868)	(1,835,368)
Total Net Position	\$ (82,982,666)	\$ (82,394,412)	\$ (588,254)

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There were three restricted net asset balances; Debt Service, Accrued Benefit Liability Reserve, and Other Purposes. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$124,159,236.

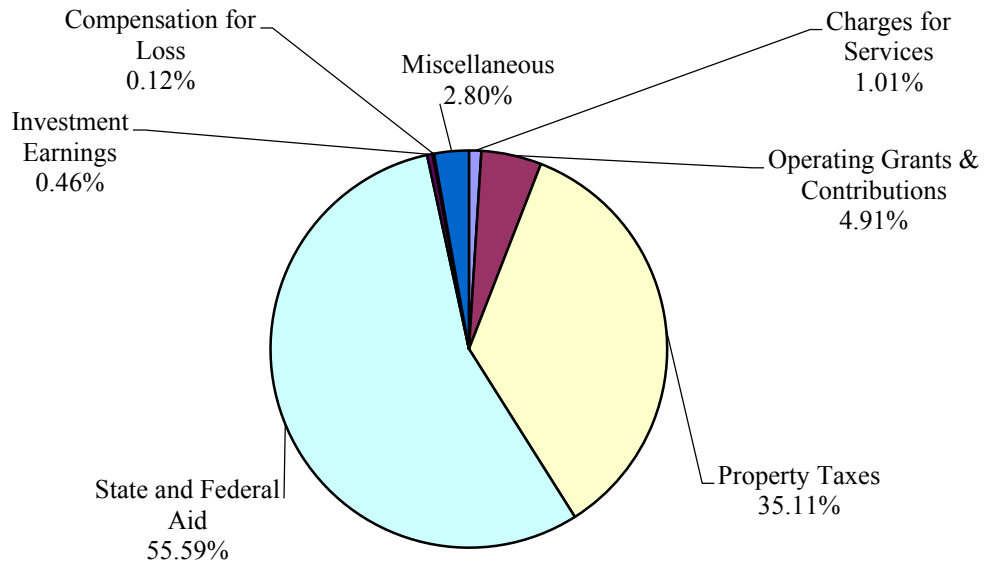
Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenue increased 1% to \$80,212,143. Approximately 56% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources, while 35% came from property taxes. The remaining 9% of the revenue came from operating grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

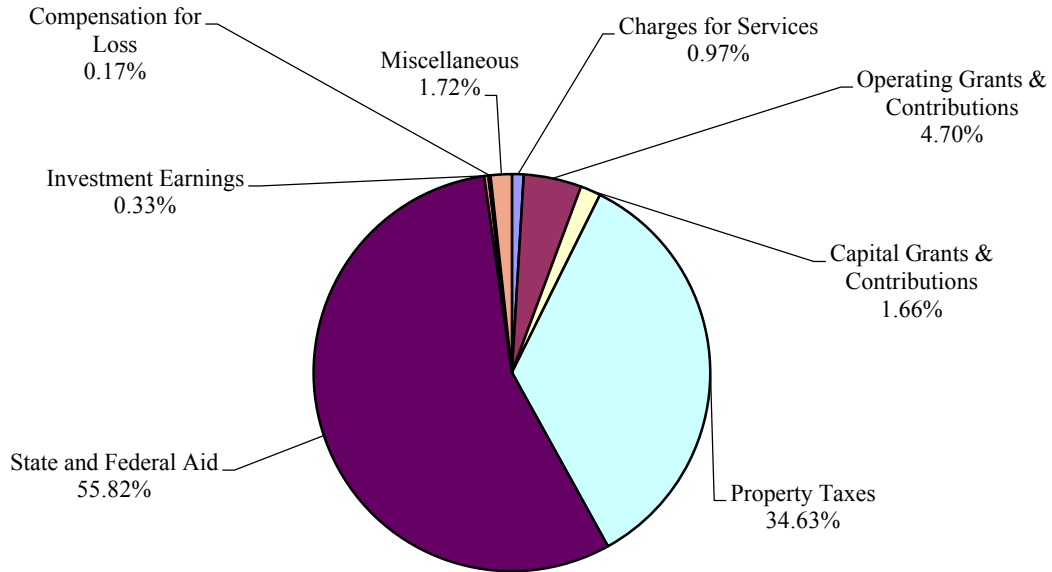
The total cost of all the programs and services decreased 1% to \$80,800,397. The District's expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students, or Instruction (72%). General support, which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District, accounted for 14% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

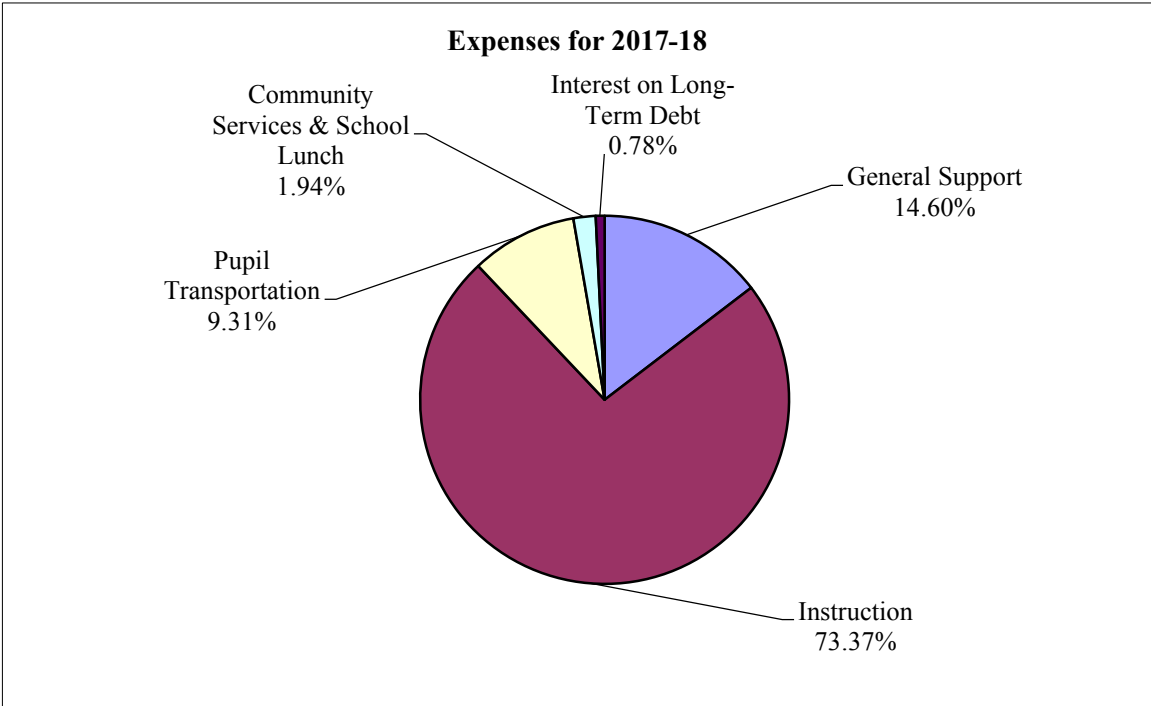
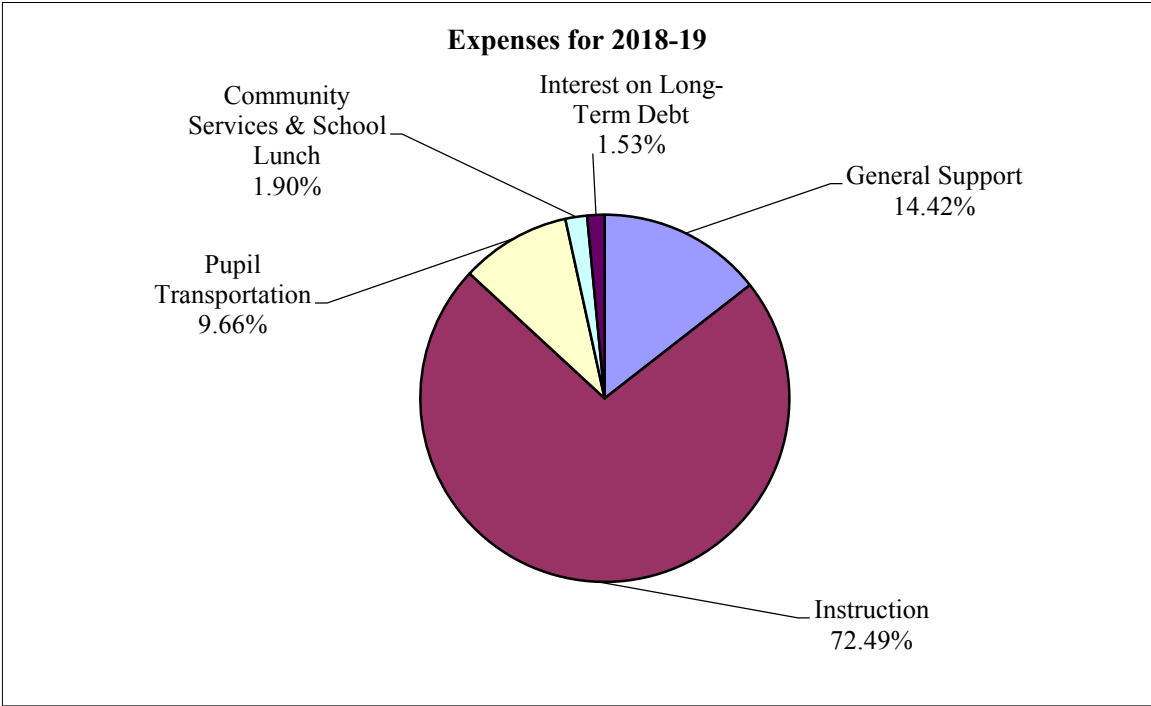
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Total Variance</u>
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	
<u>REVENUES:</u>			
<u>Program -</u>			
Charges for Service	\$ 809,843	\$ 770,317	\$ 39,526
Operating Grants & Contributions	3,935,213	3,738,182	197,031
Capital Grants & Contributions	-	1,323,409	(1,323,409)
Total Program	\$ 4,745,056	\$ 5,831,908	\$ (1,086,852)
<u>General -</u>			
Property Taxes	\$ 28,160,866	\$ 27,564,086	\$ 596,780
State and Federal Aid	44,590,435	44,425,304	165,131
Investment Earnings	365,740	260,640	105,100
Compensation for Loss	97,784	137,442	(39,658)
Miscellaneous	2,252,262	1,374,303	877,959
Total General	\$ 75,467,087	\$ 73,761,775	\$ 1,705,312
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 80,212,143	\$ 79,593,683	\$ 618,460
<u>EXPENSES:</u>			
General Support	\$ 11,648,854	\$ 11,880,669	\$ (231,815)
Instruction	58,569,599	59,704,427	(1,134,828)
Pupil Transportation	7,809,309	7,579,451	229,858
School Lunch	1,538,939	1,577,662	(38,723)
Interest	1,233,696	632,861	600,835
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 80,800,397	\$ 81,375,070	\$ (574,673)
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$ (588,254)	\$ (1,781,387)	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(82,394,412)	(80,613,025)	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (82,982,666)	\$ (82,394,412)	

Sources of Revenues for 2018-19



Sources of Revenues for 2017-18





Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$169,536, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$11,774,774.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,483,281. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$257,598 compared with the prior year. See table below:

<u>General Fund Balances:</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>Total Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ 2,625,833	\$ 2,625,833	\$ -
Restricted	4,069,862	3,297,979	771,883
Assigned	2,795,244	2,505,760	289,484
Unassigned	2,992,342	3,796,111	(803,769)
Total General Fund Balances	<u>\$ 12,483,281</u>	<u>\$ 12,225,683</u>	<u>\$ 257,598</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$1,505,760. This change is attributable to \$1,505,760 of carryover encumbrances from the 2017-18 school year.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Debt Service-Interest	\$730,500	Estimated interest was reclassified as BAN principal
Transfer-Out	(\$565,746)	BAN principal was transferred to Capital Fund

Revenue Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Miscellaneous	\$1,322,489	Health Insurance changes resulted in some refunds. Also, misc. revenue budgeting is done very conservatively.
State Sources	(\$590,369)	Actual State Aid was slightly higher than estimated (2%).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2018-19 fiscal year, the District had invested \$61,650,544 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Land	\$ 425,000	\$ 425,000
Work in Progress	15,013,535	2,528,588
Buildings and Improvements	40,397,425	42,316,764
Machinery and Equipment	5,814,584	5,629,909
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 61,650,544</u>	<u>\$ 50,900,261</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$181,332,637 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 11,772,045	\$ 12,850,946
Energy Performance Contract	740,752	1,206,837
OPEB	162,259,373	134,503,932
Net Pension Liability	2,081,488	981,600
Compensated Absences	4,478,979	4,516,103
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 181,332,637</u>	<u>\$ 154,059,418</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District has begun a \$40.8 million project that the voters authorized in May 2017. This will take 2 to 3 years to complete. We are very excited about the improvements to the district buildings and stadium. Due to projects "in process" status, this reflects as a negative unassigned fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund. At completion, the District will bond the debt and the combined fund balances will reflect accordingly. This May – 2019 – the voters authorized another Security Project for \$11,995,000. This project will begin next summer and last approximately 2 years. We are happy that the community has supported the district as we move forward with renovations, improving our capital assets.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Central Square Central School District
44 School Drive
Central Square, New York 13036

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,051,459
Accounts receivable	5,193,096
Inventories	39,671
Net pension asset	2,908,664
Capital Assets:	
Land	425,000
Work in progress	15,013,535
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	46,212,009
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 96,843,434</u>
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 47,546,503</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 206,399
Accrued liabilities	3,194,200
Unearned revenues	23,830
Due to other governments	4,024
Due to teachers' retirement system	3,034,500
Due to employees' retirement system	324,650
Bond anticipation notes payable	24,050,000
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	3,767,411
Due in more than one year	177,565,226
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 212,170,240</u>
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 15,202,363</u>
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 35,262,958
Restricted For:	
Debt service	1,825,211
Accrued benefit liability reserve	2,089,128
Other purposes	1,999,273
Unrestricted	(124,159,236)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ (82,982,666)</u>

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Activities

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense)
					Revenue and
					Changes in
					Net Position
		Operating			
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	<u>Activities</u>	
<u>Primary Government -</u>					
General support	\$ 11,648,854	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (11,648,854)	
Instruction	58,569,599	327,726	3,058,269	(55,183,604)	
Pupil transportation	7,809,309	-	-	(7,809,309)	
School lunch	1,538,939	482,117	876,944	(179,878)	
Interest	1,233,696	-	-	(1,233,696)	
Total Primary Government	\$ 80,800,397	\$ 809,843	\$ 3,935,213	\$ (76,055,341)	
General Revenues:					
Property taxes				\$ 28,160,866	
State and federal aid				44,590,435	
Investment earnings				365,740	
Compensation for loss				97,784	
Miscellaneous				2,252,262	
Total General Revenues				\$ 75,467,087	
Changes in Net Position				\$ (588,254)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year				(82,394,412)	
Net Position, End of Year				\$ (82,982,666)	

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 14,399,873	\$ 10,644,197	\$ 2,007,389	\$ 27,051,459
Receivables	4,029,166	-	1,163,930	5,193,096
Inventories	-	-	39,671	39,671
Due from other funds	2,053,958	-	451,274	2,505,232
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 20,482,997	\$ 10,644,197	\$ 3,662,264	\$ 34,789,458
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities</u> -				
Accounts payable	\$ 181,249	\$ -	\$ 25,150	\$ 206,399
Accrued liabilities	4,459,317	-	11,970	4,471,287
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes	-	24,050,000	-	24,050,000
Due to other funds	-	450,447	2,054,785	2,505,232
Due to other governments	-	-	4,024	4,024
Due to TRS	3,034,500	-	-	3,034,500
Due to ERS	324,650	-	-	324,650
Unearned revenue	-	-	23,830	23,830
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 7,999,716	\$ 24,500,447	\$ 2,119,759	\$ 34,619,922
<u>Fund Balances</u> -				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,625,833	\$ -	\$ 39,671	\$ 2,665,504
Restricted	4,069,862	18,539	1,825,211	5,913,612
Assigned	2,795,244	-	-	2,795,244
Unassigned	2,992,342	(13,874,789)	(322,377)	(11,204,824)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 12,483,281	\$ (13,856,250)	\$ 1,542,505	\$ 169,536
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 20,482,997	\$ 10,644,197	\$ 3,662,264	

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
Statement of Net Position are different because:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources
and therefore are not reported in the funds. 61,650,544

Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position
but not in the funds. (47,212)

The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the
current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Serial bonds payable	(11,772,045)
OPEB	(162,259,373)
Compensated absences	(3,154,680)
Energy Performance Contract	(740,752)
Net pension asset	2,908,664
Deferred outflow - pension	17,114,917
Deferred outflow - OPEB	30,431,586
Net pension liability	(2,081,488)
Deferred inflow - pension	(4,560,684)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(10,641,679)

Net Position of Governmental Activities **\$ (82,982,666)**

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 28,160,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,160,866
Charges for services	327,726	-	-	327,726
Use of money and property	234,561	-	131,179	365,740
Sale of property and compensation for loss	97,784	-	-	97,784
Miscellaneous	2,047,489	-	99,014	2,146,503
State sources	44,377,354	-	842,023	45,219,377
Federal sources	213,081	-	3,083,505	3,296,586
Sales	-	-	482,117	482,117
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	115,444	115,444
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 75,458,861	\$ -	\$ 4,753,282	\$ 80,212,143
EXPENDITURES				
General support	\$ 9,340,832	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,340,832
Instruction	36,796,210	-	2,812,676	39,608,886
Pupil transportation	4,739,964	1,010,133	82,347	5,832,444
Employee benefits	20,002,635	-	545,962	20,548,597
Debt service - principal	300,000	-	2,532,031	2,832,031
Debt service - interest	730,500	-	498,062	1,228,562
Cost of sales	-	-	660,233	660,233
Other expenses	-	-	567,894	567,894
Capital outlay	-	12,484,947	-	12,484,947
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 71,910,141	\$ 13,495,080	\$ 7,699,205	\$ 93,104,426
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,548,720	\$ (13,495,080)	\$ (2,945,923)	\$ (12,892,283)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	\$ -	\$ 116,219	\$ 3,191,122	\$ 3,307,341
Transfers - out	(3,291,122)	-	(16,219)	(3,307,341)
Proceeds from obligations	-	987,045	-	987,045
BAN's redeemed from appropriations	-	300,000	-	300,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (3,291,122)	\$ 1,403,264	\$ 3,174,903	\$ 1,287,045
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 257,598	\$ (12,091,816)	\$ 228,980	\$ (11,605,238)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,225,683	(1,764,434)	1,313,525	11,774,774
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 12,483,281	\$ (13,856,250)	\$ 1,542,505	\$ 169,536

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ (11,605,238)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 12,484,947
Additions to Assets, Net	1,493,023
Depreciation	<u>(3,227,687)</u>

10,750,283

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 2,832,031
Proceeds from Bond Issuance	(987,045)
Proceeds from BAN Redemption	<u>(300,000)</u>

1,544,986

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. (5,134)

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds. (2,025,511)

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System	582,194
Employees' Retirement System	(122,864)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences	<u>293,030</u>
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CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (588,254)

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 181,443	\$ 181,427
Receivable from general fund	-	26,457
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 181,443</u>	<u>\$ 207,884</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 20,599
Extraclassroom activity balances	-	124,020
Other liabilities	-	63,265
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 207,884</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	\$ 181,443	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 181,443</u>	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 25,676
Investment earnings	382
TOTAL ADDITIONS	<u>\$ 26,058</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Other expenses	\$ 25,825
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u>\$ 25,825</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 233
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>181,210</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 181,443</u>

CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Central Square Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Central Square Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

(I.) (Continued)

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Oswego County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$10,762,391 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,967,331.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

(I.) (Continued)

2. **Fund Statements**

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. **Major Governmental Funds**

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities and bus purchases.

b. **Non-major Governmental** - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as non-major governmental funds as follows:

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

School Lunch Fund - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. **Fiduciary** - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

(I.) (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 20, 2018. Taxes are collected during the period September 1, 2018 to November 1, 2018.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

(I.) (Continued)

G. Inter-fund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note V for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

(I.) (Continued)

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$ 50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

(I.) (Continued)

M. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The District may have three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Last is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

O. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

(I.) (Continued)

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

(I.) (Continued)

S. **Equity Classifications**

1. **District-Wide Statements**

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- b. **Restricted Net Position** - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,177,858
Capital projects	18,539
Employees' Retirement Contribution	179,833
Teachers' Retirement Contribution	542,087
Tax Certiorari	80,956
Total Net Position - Restricted for Other Purposes	<u>\$ 1,999,273</u>

- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$124,159,236 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. **Fund Statements**

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- a. **Nonspendable Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes:

	<u>Total</u>
Inventory in School Lunch	\$ 39,671
Noncurrent Receivables	2,625,833
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	<u>\$ 2,665,504</u>

(I.) (Continued)

b. **Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Teachers' Retirement Reserve – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous years TRS salary.

(I.) (Continued)

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,177,858
Employees' Retirement Contribution	179,833
Teachers' Retirement Contribution	542,087
Tax Certiorari	80,956
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	2,089,128
<u>Capital Fund -</u>	
Capital Project	18,539
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	1,825,211
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u>\$ 5,913,612</u>

c. **Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2019.

d. **Assigned Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$100,000, and the Capital Projects Fund to be 23,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

<u>General Fund -</u>	
Central Services	\$ 906,338
Pupil Transportation	117,347
Total General Fund Significant Encumbrances	<u>\$ 1,023,685</u>
<u>Capital Projects Fund -</u>	
Capital Outlay	<u>\$ 334,091</u>

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 1,295,244
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	1,500,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$ 2,795,244</u>

(I.) (Continued)

e. **Unassigned Fund Balance** –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

3. **Order of Use of Fund Balance**

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. **New Accounting Standards**

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2019, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

U. **Future Changes in Accounting Standards**

GASB has issued Statement 84, Fiduciary Activities, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 87, Leases, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority equity Interests – an amendment of GASB statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB has issued statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The budget was amended by \$1,505,760 for carry over encumbrances at June 30, 2019.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Fund Balances

1. School Lunch Fund

As indicated in the financial statements, the District's School Lunch program had a net operating loss of \$10,959, which resulted in a deficit fund balance of (\$322,377) at June 30, 2019. This deficit is a result of expenditures increasing at a higher rate than revenues.

(II.) (Continued)

2. **Capital Projects Fund**

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$13,856,250 at June 30, 2019, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

D. **Deficit Net Position**

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2019 of (\$82,982,666). The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$162,259,373 at June 30, 2019. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

III. **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the United States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging Financial Institution	2,518,042
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	26,637,975
Total	<u>\$ 29,156,017</u>

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$5,913,612 within the governmental funds and \$181,443 in the fiduciary funds.

IV. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2019 for individual major funds and non-major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>			<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Aid Fund</u>	<u>School Lunch Fund</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$ 169,250	\$ 9,685	\$ 45,494	\$ 224,429
Due From State and Federal	3,859,916	1,041,186	67,565	4,968,667
Total Receivables	\$ 4,029,166	\$ 1,050,871	\$ 113,059	\$ 5,193,096

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

V. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	<u>Interfund</u>			
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
General Fund	\$ 2,053,958	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,291,122
Special Aid Fund	-	1,432,641	111,029	-
School Lunch Fund	827	622,144	50,000	-
Debt Service Fund	450,447	-	3,030,093	16,219
Capital Projects Fund	-	450,447	116,219	-
Total	\$ 2,505,232	\$ 2,505,232	\$ 3,307,341	\$ 3,307,341

Inter-fund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VI. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2019</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
<u>Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -</u>				
Land	\$ 425,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 425,000
Work in progress	2,528,588	12,484,947	-	15,013,535
<i>Total Nondepreciable</i>	<u>\$ 2,953,588</u>	<u>\$ 12,484,947</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 15,438,535</u>
<u>Capital Assets that are Depreciated -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 96,632,883	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,632,883
Machinery and equipment	12,409,261	1,555,941	1,210,146	12,755,056
<i>Total Depreciated Assets</i>	<u>\$ 109,042,144</u>	<u>\$ 1,555,941</u>	<u>\$ 1,210,146</u>	<u>\$ 109,387,939</u>
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 54,316,119	\$ 1,919,339	\$ -	\$ 56,235,458
Machinery and equipment	6,779,352	1,308,348	1,147,228	6,940,472
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 61,095,471</u>	<u>\$ 3,227,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,147,228</u>	<u>\$ 63,175,930</u>
<i>Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 47,946,673</u>	<u>\$ (1,671,746)</u>	<u>\$ 62,918</u>	<u>\$ 46,212,009</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 50,900,261</u>	<u>\$ 10,813,201</u>	<u>\$ 62,918</u>	<u>\$ 61,650,544</u>

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

<u>Governmental Activities:</u>	
General Government Support	\$ 32,990
Instruction	2,297,437
Pupil Transportation	888,689
School Lunch	8,571
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$ 3,227,687</u>

VII. Short -Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2019</u>
BAN	\$ 24,350,000	6/28/2019	3.00%	\$ 24,350,000	\$ -	\$ 24,350,000	\$ -
BAN	\$ 24,050,000	6/26/2020	2.00%	-	24,050,000	-	24,050,000
Total Short-Term Debt				<u>\$ 24,350,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,050,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,350,000</u>	<u>\$ 24,050,000</u>

(VII.) (Continued)

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 300,000
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(4,058)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	2,672
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 298,614

VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2019	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable -					
Serial Bonds	\$ 12,850,946	\$ 987,045	\$ 2,065,946	\$ 11,772,045	\$ 1,955,000
Energy Performance Contracts	1,206,837	-	466,085	740,752	488,112
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 14,057,783	\$ 987,045	\$ 2,532,031	\$ 12,512,797	\$ 2,443,112
Other Liabilities -					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 981,600	\$ 1,099,888	\$ -	\$ 2,081,488	\$ -
OPEB	134,503,932	27,755,441	-	162,259,373	-
Compensated Absences	4,516,103	-	37,124	4,478,979	1,324,299
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 140,001,635	\$ 28,855,329	\$ 37,124	\$ 168,819,840	\$ 1,324,299
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 154,059,418	\$ 29,842,374	\$ 2,569,155	\$ 181,332,637	\$ 3,767,411

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

Description	Original Amount	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2019
Serial Bonds -					
Refunded Bond	\$ 4,260,000	2016	2024	2%-5%	\$ 4,235,000
Buses	\$ 820,196	2015	2020	1.25%-1.50%	170,000
Buses	\$ 891,724	2016	2021	1.60%-1.80%	375,000
BOCES Project	\$ 7,292,761	2013	2028	2.25%-4.00%	4,685,000
Buses	\$ 909,938	2017	2022	1%-2%	560,000
Buses	\$ 930,946	2018	2023	1.25%-1.75%	760,000
Buses	\$ 987,045	2018	2024	2.000%-2.125%	987,045
Total Serial Bonds					\$ 11,772,045
Energy Performance Contract -					
Energy Performance Contract	\$ 5,348,150	2006	2021	N/A	\$ 740,752

(VIII.) (Continued)

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

Year	Serial Bonds		Energy Performance Contract	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 2,137,045	\$ 413,881	\$ 488,112	\$ 25,985
2021	2,035,000	347,642	252,640	4,409
2022	1,915,000	288,882	-	-
2023	1,785,000	214,940	-	-
2024	1,645,000	153,478	-	-
2025-28	2,255,000	226,725	-	-
Total	\$ 11,772,045	\$ 1,645,548	\$ 740,752	\$ 30,394

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2019 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 498,062
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(38,020)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	44,540
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 504,582

IX. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Pension	\$ 17,114,917	\$ 4,560,684
OPEB	30,431,586	10,641,679
Total	\$ 47,546,503	\$ 15,202,363

X. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

(X.) (Continued)

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10 member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2019:

<u>Contributions</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2019	\$ 1,311,696	\$ 3,034,500

(X.) (Continued)

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset /(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2019 for ERS and June 30, 2018 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ (2,081,488)	\$ 2,908,664
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.0294%	0.161%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expenses of \$1,428,503 for ERS and \$2,297,625 for TRS. At June 30, 2019 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Differences between expended and actual experience	\$ 409,889	\$ 2,173,621	\$ 139,726	\$ 393,728
Changes of assumptions	523,201	10,167,689	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	534,225	3,228,839
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	234,567	402,812	53,214	210,952
Subtotal	\$ 1,167,657	\$ 12,744,122	\$ 727,165	\$ 3,833,519
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	324,650	2,878,488	-	-
Grand Total	\$ 1,492,307	\$ 15,622,610	\$ 727,165	\$ 3,833,519

(X.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2019	\$ -	\$ 2,955,673
2020	492,695	2,019,643
2021	(356,670)	248,972
2022	3,030	2,012,791
2023	301,437	1,339,457
Thereafter	-	334,067
Total	\$ 440,492	\$ 8,910,603

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2018	June 30, 2017
Interest rate	7.00%	7.25%
Salary scale	4.20%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.25%
COLA's	1.30%	1.50%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2014. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

(X.) (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return		
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
<u>Asset Type -</u>		
Domestic equity	4.55%	5.80%
International equity	6.35%	7.30%
Global equity	0.00%	6.70%
Private equity	7.50%	8.90%
Real estate	5.55%	4.90%
Absolute return strategies *	3.75%	0.00%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.68%	0.00%
Real assets	5.29%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	1.31%	0.00%
Cash	-0.25%	0.00%
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.25%	0.00%
Private debt	0.00%	6.80%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.80%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.50%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.90%
Short-term	0.00%	0.30%

TRS The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.3% for

* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(X.) (Continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6% for ERS and 6.25% for TRS) or 1-percentagepoint higher (8% for ERS and 8.25% for TRS) than the current rate :

	1% Decrease (6%)	Current Assumption (7%)	1% Increase (8%)
<u>ERS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (9,100,598)	\$ (2,081,488)	\$ 3,815,062
	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Assumption (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
<u>TRS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (19,982,996)	\$ 2,908,664	\$ 22,085,514

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)	
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2019	June 30, 2018
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 189,803,429	\$ 118,107,253
Plan net position	182,718,124	119,915,517
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	<u>\$ (7,085,305)</u>	<u>\$ 1,808,264</u>
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	96.27%	101.53%

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$324,650.

(X.) (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2019 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$3,034,500.

XI. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	410
Active Employees	644
Total	<u>1,054</u>

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$162,259,373 was measured as of March 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.20 percent
Salary Increases	varies by years of service and retirement system
Discount Rate	3.51 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	5.50 percent for 2018, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.84 percent for 2075 and later years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	0 or 50 percent of projected health insurance premiums for retirees dependent on contract

(XI.) (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Headcount-Weighted table (Teachers for TRS group and General Employees for ERS group) projected generationally using MP-2018.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 134,503,932</u>
<u>Changes for the Year -</u>	
Service cost	\$ 3,663,161
Interest	5,292,373
Differences between expected and actual experience	(13,125,439)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	34,778,956
Benefit payments	<u>(2,853,610)</u>
Net Changes	<u>\$ 27,755,441</u>
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 162,259,373</u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87 percent in 2018 to 3.51 percent in 2019.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.51 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.51 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
	<u>(2.51%)</u>	<u>(3.51%)</u>	<u>(4.51%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 207,756,475	\$ 162,259,373	\$ 142,817,839

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare	1% Increase
	<u></u>	<u>Cost Trend Rates</u>	<u></u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 137,279,378	\$ 162,259,373	\$ 216,750,971

(XI.) (Continued)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$10,819,144. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expensed and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 11,484,759
Changes of assumptions	30,431,586	5,096,943
Total	<u>\$ 30,431,586</u>	<u>\$ 16,581,702</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2020	\$ 1,863,610
2021	1,863,610
2022	1,863,610
2023	1,863,610
2024	1,863,610
Thereafter	4,531,834
Total	<u>\$ 13,849,884</u>

XII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Insurance

The District is a participant in the BOCES sponsored Cooperative Health Insurance Fund of Central New York, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employees' health insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of the 30 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area. The District pays an annual premium to the Plan for this health insurance coverage. The Plan uses a reinsurance agreement to reduce its exposure to large losses on insured events. Plan members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of deficiencies. If the Plan's assets were to be exhausted, members would be responsible for the Plan's liabilities. The total cost incurred by the Plan totaled \$12,182,016. The Plan was fully funded as of the last audit.

(XII.) (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District is a member of the Onondaga-Cortland-Madison Workers' Consortium (the Plan). Current membership of the Plan includes participants from various municipal entities. The Plan is administered by Onondaga-Cortland-Madison BOCES and utilizes a third party administrator who is responsible for processing claims, estimating liabilities and providing actuarial services. The Plan participants are charged an annual assessment which is allocated in light of comparative experience and relative exposure based on the estimated total liability of the participating members actuarially computed each year.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$752,391. The District has established a workers' compensation reserve totaling \$1,177,858 at June 30, 2019.

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2018-19 fiscal year totaled \$28,214. In addition, as of June 30, 2019, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

There is no litigation pending against the District as of the balance sheet date.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XIII. Tax Abatement

The County of Oswego IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the District property tax revenue was reduced \$69,560. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$23,048 to help offset the property tax reduction.

XIV. Subsequent Event

On August 22, 2019 the District issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$16,100,000 for the construction of capital assets, with an interest rate of 2%.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY			
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$	3,663,161	\$ 3,830,291
Interest		5,292,373	4,802,856
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(13,125,439)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		34,778,956	(6,783,103)
Benefit payments		<u>(2,853,610)</u>	<u>(3,008,180)</u>
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	<u>27,755,441</u>	\$ <u>(1,158,136)</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	<u>134,503,932</u>	\$ <u>135,662,068</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	<u><u>162,259,373</u></u>	\$ <u><u>134,503,932</u></u>
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	31,284,029	\$ 33,735,288
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered			
Employee Payroll		518.67%	398.70%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0293775%	0.0304142%	0.030575%	0.030536%	0.031303%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 2,081,488	\$ 981,600	\$ 2,872,914	\$ 4,901,046	\$ 1,048,432
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,867,675	\$ 8,811,588	\$ 8,358,104	\$ 8,360,405	\$ 8,122,247
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	23.473%	11.140%	34.373%	58.622%	12.908%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

NYSTRS Pension Plan					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.160854%	0.163679%	0.162188%	0.167686%	0.160961%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (2,908,664)	\$ (1,244,122)	\$ 1,737,103	\$ (17,417,225)	\$ (17,930,075)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,104,407	\$ 26,201,306	\$ 25,937,709	\$ 25,425,587	\$ 25,658,509
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-10.731%	-4.748%	6.697%	-68.503%	-69.880%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of District Contributions
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

NYSERS Pension Plan					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,311,697	\$ 1,313,298	\$ 1,260,715	\$ 1,233,171	\$ 1,379,655
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(1,311,697)</u>	<u>(1,313,298)</u>	<u>(1,260,715)</u>	<u>(1,233,171)</u>	<u>(1,379,655)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,867,675	\$ 8,811,588	\$ 8,358,104	\$ 8,360,405	\$ 8,122,247
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.79%	14.90%	15.08%	14.75%	16.99%

NYSTRS Pension Plan					
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,034,500	\$ 2,715,749	\$ 3,165,231	\$ 3,318,751	\$ 4,415,580
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(3,034,500)</u>	<u>(2,715,749)</u>	<u>(3,165,231)</u>	<u>(3,318,751)</u>	<u>(4,415,580)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 27,104,407	\$ 26,201,306	\$ 25,937,709	\$ 25,425,587	\$ 25,658,509
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.20%	10.36%	12.20%	13.05%	17.21%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Amended	Current	Over (Under)
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Year's</u>	<u>Revised</u>
			<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Budget</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources -				
Real property taxes	\$ 23,466,912	\$ 23,466,912	\$ 23,673,224	\$ 206,312
Real property tax items	4,600,000	4,600,000	4,487,642	(112,358)
Charges for services	175,000	175,000	327,726	152,726
Use of money and property	115,000	115,000	234,561	119,561
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	97,784	97,784
Miscellaneous	725,000	725,000	2,047,489	1,322,489
State Sources -				
Basic formula	33,848,659	33,848,659	34,023,666	175,007
Lottery aid	6,800,000	6,800,000	5,950,839	(849,161)
BOCES	3,940,499	3,940,499	3,967,331	26,832
Textbooks	220,788	220,788	227,350	6,562
All Other Aid -				
Computer software	132,000	132,000	126,181	(5,819)
Library loan	25,777	25,777	23,700	(2,077)
Handicapped students	-	-	55,787	55,787
Other aid	-	-	2,500	2,500
Federal Sources	-	-	213,081	213,081
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 74,049,635</u>	<u>\$ 74,049,635</u>	<u>\$ 75,458,861</u>	<u>\$ 1,409,226</u>
Appropriated fund balance	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>		
Prior year encumbrances	<u>\$ 1,505,760</u>	<u>\$ 1,505,760</u>		
TOTAL REVENUES AND				
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/				
FUND BALANCE	<u><u>\$ 76,555,395</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 76,555,395</u></u>		

Required Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Amended	Current		Unencumbered
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Year's	<u>Encumbrances</u>	<u>Balances</u>
			<u>Expenditures</u>		
EXPENDITURES					
General Support -					
Board of education	\$ 53,577	\$ 55,882	\$ 54,357	\$ -	\$ 1,525
Central administration	245,844	245,772	244,485	649	638
Finance	556,955	500,435	496,893	3,415	127
Staff	321,041	338,594	336,701	1,724	169
Central services	6,933,200	7,064,686	6,157,953	906,338	395
Special items	2,097,350	2,050,443	2,050,443	-	-
Instructional -					
Instruction, administration and improvement	2,739,104	2,372,107	2,290,901	80,438	768
Teaching - regular school	17,229,223	17,232,831	17,184,957	30,834	17,040
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	9,730,834	9,796,123	9,793,812	789	1,522
Occupational education	2,393,806	2,305,466	2,292,246	12,095	1,125
Instructional media	1,917,744	2,283,045	2,232,692	47,111	3,242
Pupil services	3,135,889	3,090,030	3,001,602	84,930	3,498
Pupil Transportation	4,729,631	4,864,483	4,739,964	117,347	7,172
Employee Benefits	20,614,329	20,033,876	20,002,635	9,574	21,667
Debt service - principal	-	300,000	300,000	-	-
Debt service - interest	-	730,500	730,500	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 72,698,527</u>	<u>\$ 73,264,273</u>	<u>\$ 71,910,141</u>	<u>\$ 1,295,244</u>	<u>\$ 58,888</u>
Other Uses -					
Transfers - out	\$ 3,856,868	\$ 3,291,122	\$ 3,291,122	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	<u>\$ 76,555,395</u>	<u>\$ 76,555,395</u>	<u>\$ 75,201,263</u>	<u>\$ 1,295,244</u>	<u>\$ 58,888</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 257,598</u>		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>12,225,683</u>	<u>12,225,683</u>	<u>12,225,683</u>		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 12,225,683</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,225,683</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,483,281</u></u>		

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget
And The Real Property Tax Limit
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	\$ 75,049,635
Prior year's encumbrances	<u>1,505,760</u>
Original Budget	<u>\$ 76,555,395</u>
FINAL BUDGET	<u><u>\$ 76,555,395</u></u>

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2019-20 voter approved expenditure budget	\$ 80,113,554
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>	
Assigned fund balance	\$ 2,795,244
Unassigned fund balance	<u>2,992,342</u>
Total Unrestricted fund balance	<u>\$ 5,787,586</u>
<u>Less adjustments:</u>	
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 1,500,000
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	<u>1,295,244</u>
Total adjustments	<u>\$ 2,795,244</u>
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of	
Real Property Tax Law	<u>2,992,342</u>
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE	<u><u>3.74%</u></u>

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
Schedule of Project Expenditures
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Expenditures			Unexpended Balance	Methods of Financing				Fund Balance
			Prior Years	Current Year	Total		Obligations	Local Sources	Transfers	Total	
District Wide Renovations	\$ 40,800,000	\$ 40,800,000	\$ 2,446,273	\$ 12,378,516	\$ 14,824,789	\$ 25,975,211	\$ -	\$ 950,000	\$ -	\$ 950,000	\$ (13,874,789)
Emergency Septic Project	301,000	301,000	268,447	13,491	281,938	19,062	-	300,286	(6,869)	293,417	11,479
2018-19 Capital Outlay Project	100,000	100,000	-	92,940	92,940	7,060	-	100,000	-	100,000	7,060
2017-18 Bus Purchase	930,946	930,946	907,858	23,088	930,946	-	930,946	-	-	930,946	-
2018-19 Bus Purchase	987,045	987,045	-	987,045	987,045	-	987,045	-	-	987,045	-
TOTAL	\$ 43,118,991	\$ 43,118,991	\$ 3,622,578	\$ 13,495,080	\$ 17,117,658	\$ 26,001,333	\$ 1,917,991	\$ 1,350,286	\$ (6,869)	\$ 3,261,408	\$ (13,856,250)

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund	Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 385,727	\$ 246,898	\$ 1,374,764	\$ 2,007,389
Receivables	1,050,871	113,059	-	1,163,930
Inventories	-	39,671	-	39,671
Due from other funds	-	827	450,447	451,274
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,436,598	\$ 400,455	\$ 1,825,211	\$ 3,662,264
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities</u> -				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 25,150	\$ -	\$ 25,150
Accrued liabilities	-	11,970	-	11,970
Due to other funds	1,432,641	622,144	-	2,054,785
Due to other governments	3,957	67	-	4,024
Unearned revenue	-	23,830	-	23,830
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,436,598	\$ 683,161	\$ -	\$ 2,119,759
<u>Fund Balances</u> -				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 39,671	\$ -	\$ 39,671
Restricted	-	-	1,825,211	1,825,211
Unassigned	-	(322,377)	-	(322,377)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ (282,706)	\$ 1,825,211	\$ 1,542,505
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,436,598	\$ 400,455	\$ 1,825,211	\$ 3,662,264

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund		
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 871	\$ 130,308	\$ 131,179
Miscellaneous	9,685	78,923	10,406	99,014
State sources	816,644	25,379	-	842,023
Federal sources	2,231,940	851,565	-	3,083,505
Sales	-	482,117	-	482,117
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	115,444	115,444
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3,058,269	\$ 1,438,855	\$ 256,158	\$ 4,753,282
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	\$ 2,812,676	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,812,676
Pupil transportation	82,347	-	-	82,347
Employee benefits	274,275	271,687	-	545,962
Debt service - principal	-	-	2,532,031	2,532,031
Debt service - interest	-	-	498,062	498,062
Cost of sales	-	660,233	-	660,233
Other expenses	-	567,894	-	567,894
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 3,169,298	\$ 1,499,814	\$ 3,030,093	\$ 7,699,205
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (111,029)	\$ (60,959)	\$ (2,773,935)	\$ (2,945,923)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	\$ 111,029	\$ 50,000	\$ 3,030,093	\$ 3,191,122
Transfers - out	-	-	(16,219)	(16,219)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 111,029	\$ 50,000	\$ 3,013,874	\$ 3,174,903
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ (10,959)	\$ 239,939	\$ 228,980
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	(271,747)	1,585,272	1,313,525
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (282,706)	\$ 1,825,211	\$ 1,542,505

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Net Investment in Capital Assets
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

Capital assets, net		\$ 61,650,544
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 2,137,045	
Long-term portion of bonds payable	9,635,000	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	13,874,789	
Short-term portion of energy performance contracts	488,112	
Long-term portion of energy performance contracts	<u>252,640</u>	
		<u>26,387,586</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets		<u><u>\$ 35,262,958</u></u>

Supplementary Information
CENTRAL SQUARE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u> <u>Federal Award Cluster / Program</u>	<u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Grantor</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Pass-Through</u> <u>Agency</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education:</u>				
<u>Indirect Programs:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Special Education Cluster IDEA -</u>				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-19-0713	\$ 914,950
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-18-0713	566
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-19-0713	35,264
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$ 950,780
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-18-2345	50,090
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-19-2345	121,629
Title V - Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	N/A	0006-18-2345	4,323
Title V - Rural Education Achievement Program	84.358B	N/A	0006-19-2345	71,597
Title I - School Improvement Grant	84.010	N/A	0011-19-2038	4,543
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-18-2345	37,005
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-19-2345	991,973
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$ 2,231,940
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>				
<u>Indirect Programs:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster -</u>				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	N/A	\$ 602,480
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	N/A	93,189
National Summer Food Service program	10.559	N/A	N/A	468
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	N/A	155,428
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 851,565
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$ 851,565
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 3,083,505

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND F. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education
Central Square Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Central Square Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Central Square Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 15, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Central Square Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Central Square Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Central Square Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Central Square Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Rochester, New York
October 15, 2019